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True different from False, True equal not False.

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Abstract

In propositional classical logic we have two basic truth values, true and false. By definition true = not false and false = not true. In (Peratto, P., 2024) was defined a logic based in metaphysics, were we give truth value true to positive thinking and false to negative thinking.

Reading (Saint Germain, 1997) we found many nouns, adjectives, verbs and propositions to whom can be given truth values true and false. We present them below. Is assigned truth value true to good, nice nouns and adjectives, verbs and propositions, and truth value false to the bad and wrong.

Keywords: Logic, true, false, good, bad.

1. Introduction

We give truth values true and false to nouns, adjectives, verbs and propositions that appear in the book of Saint Germain, 1997. In this book are presented propositions which are true. Saint Germain warns to students that they must not let deceived by external things or appearance created and distorted by the men. The message of Saint Germain can be summarized in one phrase: who knows the power of God inside him has not to feel fear from nobody.

In (Peratto, P., 2024) was presented a logic of positive and negative thinking, being assigned truth value true to the first and false to the second. In this way we relate metaphysics with logic.

We extend this work classifying components of language appearing in the book of Saint Germain.

We can classify this components as true or false and we can create propositions true or false using the components. What is more important, we can create our own propositions juxtaposing "I'm",

"I have", "I " with a verb, "I don't" or "I'm not" with positive or negative component. We can connect our propositions with connectives "or" and "and" in such a way that the truth value of the resulting proposition is true. We can apply negation to the nouns

and verbs whose truth value is false. In this way we get true propositions from false.

Saint Germain gives many propositions of the kind : I'm God in action, I'm the power that governs and orders all with harmony, I'm the inexhaustible and intelligent energy supporting me. I'm here, I'm there, and others.

What we propose is to create our own true propositions. For this is useful to know adjectives, nouns, verbs and propositions that are easy to remember, and apply the logical connectives to them. We can repeat the propositions suggested by Saint Germain if we remember them in some way. If not we create our own affirmative propositions , by example:

My body functions correctly.

I'm the correct functioning of my body.

I'm my body working in the right way.

I'm the presence of God made true in myself.

I'm God in action in me and in the others.

I'm full of love.

I don't need to hate nor to criticize the others.

I'm the love of God in my presence.

I'm the love of God visible in me and in my actions.

I'm the justice made true in the politicians and government of my country.

The prana fills my body and it works each time more correctly.

I'm the revelation of God in my life.

God is a blessing in my life.

I'm the perfection in each act in my life.

1. True propositions.

We can repeat true propositions and deny false. True propositions are constructed from true nouns, adjectives and verbs. We emphasize in the construction of true propositions and fewer in the construction of the false.

1.1 Adjectives with truth value True.

true, powerful, prevail, peaceful, affirmative, correct, balanced, stabilized, radiant, beauty, harmonious, comprehensive, free, eternal, perfect, self-sustaining, radiant, immutable, young, pure, radiant, free,

We can think:

All my ideas, thoughts, intentions, and actions are true.

I'm powerful since I don't feel fear, I don't give up, I'm peaceful and correct.

My thinking is affirmative, prevailing, perfect, self-sustaining, pure, radiant and free.

1.2 Nouns with truth value True.

Comprehension, consciousness, mind, world, presence, intelligence, power, force, healing, peace, harmony, life, forgiveness, resurrection, energy, knowledge, comprehension, ability, truth, freedom, perfection, revelation, love, faith, hope, charity, endurance, blessing, prana, body, justice, correctness, control,

health, beauty, dominion, splendor, assistance, instruction, resistance, sincerity, force, illumination, goodness, opulence, concentration, memory, self-esteem, motivation, breath, sense, breath..

We can meditate with the following propositions:

I have consciousness, presence, power, force inside me.

I'm the consciousness, the revelation, the illumination, of all the ideas that I want to understand.

I'm the intelligence, the comprehension, the motivation of all the ideas in my mind.

I'm the healing, the harmony, the resurrection and the truth in my life.

I'm the opulence made visible and present in my life.

In this way, we can continue creating our own propositions in such a way that imply to be true.

1.3 Verbs with truth value True.

To talk, to read, to write, to listen, to touch, to smell, to see, to taste, to thrive, to glow up, to think, to govern, to control, to live, to bless, to progress, to love, to help, to apply

We can meditate:

I talk, read, write and apply all this to my life.

I control and govern my feelings.

I live to progress, to love, to help, to bless the planet and all the human beings.

The senses in my body are God in action.

1.4 Propositions with truth value True

positive thinking, positive feeling, self control.

We can think:

My thinking is true

I'm the positive thinking of my mind.

I'm the self control of my thinking and feelings.

I'm the positive thinking of my mind and the self control of all my acts.

I'm the opulence, the perfect motivation and the illumination in all the acts of my life.

and all the propositions presented in section 1.

2. Negation of false propositions

We construct true propositions denying false adjectives, nouns and verbs.

2.1 Adjectives with truth value False.

Imperfect, sad, discordant, limited, unjust, aggressive

I'm not imperfect, sad, discordant nor limited.

2.2 Nouns with truth value False.

fear, blame, injustice, shame, killer, hate, critics, condemnation, to kill., anger, injustice, suggestion appearance, rebellion, resentment, evil, limitation, discord, ignorance, distress, unrest, disturbance, frustration, failure, aggressiveness, conflicts. disease, anxiety, stress, violence, irritability, despair, depression, addiction, nightmares, insomnia, shock, confusion, limitation, despair,

culpability, distrust, disease.

I have no fear

I don't distrust

I don't blame

I'm not unjust

I don't shame

I'm not a killer

I don't hate nor critic

I feel no depression, addiction nor conflicts.

We negate truth value false to get positive affirmations.

2.3 Verbs with truth value False.

to kill, to anger, to judge, to condemn, to criticize, to confuse.

I don't kill.

I don't anger

I don't judge, condemn, criticize nor confuse.

2.4 Propositions with truth value False

Negative thinking, negative feeling.

We negate them to get positive feeling and thinking.

My thinking is not negative, is positive.

My feeling is not negative, is positive.

I don't accept aggressiveness, conflicts, frustration, culpability nor distrust.

If it happens to me negative feeling I change my thinking to perfection, to positive, to affirmative.

References

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2. Peratto Patricia, 2024, *Metaphysics and Logic*, ISRG, Journal of Arts Humanities and Social Sciences, Volume II, Issue III, May-June 2024.