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The Future of the Home Office from a Legal Perspective: Labor Court Disputes Related to the Home Office

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Abstract

The expanding spread of home working, quickened by global occasions such as the COVID-19 pandemic, raises an assortment of lawful questions and conceivable clashes that must be inspected within the setting of German labour law. The expanding trend of working from home raises lawful questions and potential disputes that ought to be inspected inside the setting of German labour law. This paper gives a comprehensive examination of the legitimate system for home offices in Germany, counting occupational security, information protection, and working time courses of action. The part of the manager in guaranteeing compliance with regulations is emphasized. Common labour court disputes related to the home office, such as working and rest times, psychological stretch, and gear arrangement, are analyzed from a legitimate point of view. Relevant court choices and precedents in Germany are displayed to supply experiences into how courts approach such conflicts. The paper also highlights the importance of the co-determination of the works board and the information security officer within the setting of the home office and examines their part in advancing compliance with legitimate prerequisites. It concludes with a viewpoint on long term improvement of home offices from a lawful point of view, considering conceivable changes within the law and political advancements in Germany.

Keywords: are Home office, labor law, data protection, working time regulations, remote work, Lifelong learning

INTRODUCTION

In recent years, remote work and particularly home offices have obtained an unexpected significance. The COVID-19 pandemic constrained companies around the world to rapidly react to the ought to work from domestically, coming about in an exceptional increment in this form of work. The significance of this subject lies in the significant effect that working from home has on companies, representatives and society as a whole. It requires a comprehensive lawful examination to get the challenges and opportunities included. This involves questions of information assurance, working time directions, health security and work environment security within the home office (Denzer & Grunau, 2023).

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These lawful aspects are vital to ensure the interface of both employers and representatives and to maintain a strategic distance from labour debate. The most important point of this work is to supply comprehensive knowledge into the legitimate perspectives of home offices and specifically to analyze the potential labour court debate related to this shape of work. It points to supply an understanding of the legitimate system and the related challenges (Blackham, 2019). The paper also points to creating down-to-earth suggestions for companies and representatives to maintain a strategic distance from clashes and increment legitimate security when working from home. In expansion, current advancements and future patterns in connection to home offices will be inspected from a legitimate point of view. The significance of this work emerges from the critical to clarify the legitimate measurements of a home office. The fast spread of this frame of work and the coming of instabilities require a well-founded analysis. The COVID-19 pandemic has appeared that working domestically cannot be disregarded and suitable legitimate control is required. The inspiration is to supply direction for companies and representatives in an always-changing world of work (Germany, n.d.).

This paper fits into the current discussion almost the long run of work and the impacts of digitalization on labor law. It addresses questions that are of extraordinary significance to companies, representatives and society as an entirety. By looking at the lawful system and labour debate within the home office, she makes a difference to way better get the lawful future of this shape of work and offer arrangements for issues that emerge.

Legal basis of home office

The definition and the diverse sorts of home offices in Germany are impacted by lawful and practical work aspects. In Germany, there's no unequivocal lawful definition of the term home office. Instead, it may be a work organization degree in which workers work from their home work environment. However, it is critical to note that home offices can take diverse shapes, based on individual agreements between employers and representatives (Germany: Latest Findings from DGB Good Work Index | European Foundation for the Improvement of Living and Working Conditions, n.d.).

Portable working could be a frame of home office in which employees are not tied to a settled out of work and can work from distinctive areas. This may too incorporate working from domestic. The Working Hours Act (Section 2 Para. 7 ArbZG) in Germany directs that working hours can be adaptably organized in portable working as long as the statutory working time limits are followed. Working from home alludes to routinely working from home or another area exterior of the company's area. Employees who telework more often than not have a lasting telework position and a customary understanding with the manager. The Working Hours Act (Section 2 Para. 7 ArbZG) also applies to teleworkers, and clear controls must be made for working hours and breaks. Homework is a special shape of a home office in which workers create items or give certain administrations in their own homes. The Domestic Work Act (§ 1 HAG) directs the working conditions and word-related security for home specialists and contains controls on compensation and working hours (Blackham, 2019).

Data protection and information security in the home office

Guaranteeing information security and data security when working from home is vital as employees get to and prepare company information from home. Companies have an commitment to guarantee that all information security directions and security necessities are followed to indeed outside of the conventional office environment. This area discusses information assurance laws and controls, working environment security necessities, and securing delicate company information while working from home in more detail. Within the context of information assurance within the home office, the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and the Federal Data Protection Act (BDSG) are the central lawful sources. The GDPR sets out the principles for the processing of individual information and so moreover influences the handling of information, which is carried out within the home office. It obliges companies to enough secure individual information and guarantee information security. The BDSG complements the GDPR and contains specific arrangements for information security in Germany, counting the prerequisites for the processing of individual information within the work setting. Managers are obliged to guarantee that the directions of the GDPR and the BDSG are too followed to when working from home (Boundless EOR, n.d.).

Safety requirements in the workplace

Home office working environments must meet certain security necessities to guarantee the assurance of company information. These incorporate the Secure capacity of records and media: Workers ought to guarantee that physical records and media are stored safely to avoid unauthorized access. Scrambled implies of communication: The utilisation of scrambled implies of communication, such as secure e-mail services or VPNs (Virtual Private Networks), is vital to guarantee the secrecy of messages and information. Strong passwords: Workers ought to utilize solid, special passwords and alter them routinely to secure get to frameworks and information. Upgraded computer program and antivirus programs (*Germany*, n.d.). Routinely updating programs and utilizing antivirus programs are basic measures to secure against malware and cyber threats. Companies are required to supply clear rules on work environment security while working from home and guarantee that workers adhere to these rules. This could be accomplished through training and teaching representatives about best security practices (Denzer & Grunau, 2023).

Ensuring delicate company information when working from home requires extraordinary consideration. Companies ought to guarantee that access to touchy information is constrained to the least fundamental. This will be accomplished through strict get to control and the presentation of information security standards such as "need-to-know" to guarantee the security of delicate company information when working from home (Schölin et al., 2021). Encryption advances play a basic part in securing this information amid transmission and storage (Matisane et al., 2021). Training and mindfulness exercises for workers are too of extraordinary significance to play down the hazard of information spills and information breaches (Olsen et al., 2018). Workers ought to be trained on how to appropriately handle touchy company information and keep it secure. to play down the hazard of data leaks and information breaches (Olsen et al., 2018). Representatives ought to be prepared on how to fittingly handle touchy company information and keep it secure. to minimize the chance of information spills and information breaches (Olsen et al., 2018). Workers ought to be trained on how to suitably handle touchy company information and keep it secure.

In expansion, it must be guaranteed that all workers working from home have access to secure IT frameworks and infrastructure that are frequently kept up and upgraded to minimize vulnerabilities (Johnston et al., 2019). Following to these security laws and directions, executing work environment security necessities, and securing delicate corporate information whereas working from home are basic to guaranteeing information security and data security (Tahan, 2020). Companies ought to create comprehensive arrangements and training programs to guarantee workers get it and can put these necessities into practice.

Working time regulations and remuneration in the home office

The organization of working hours, extra time directions and the suitable compensation for workers working from home are basic viewpoints that must be taken under consideration when executing this frame of work. This segment covers in detail how to organize work hours when working from domestic, following extra minutes, and compensating home office workers. The organization of working hours within the home office ought to comply with the lawful system. Concurring to the Working Hours Act (ArbZG), the same controls apply to working hours within the home office as for representatives within the office. Regular daily working hours ought to not be more than eight hours and weekly working hours must not exceed 48 hours (§ 3 ArbZG).

Break regulations and rest times must moreover be adhered to. A specific challenge when organizing working hours within the home office is to guarantee a clear separation of working hours and free time. Employers ought to set clear rules for recording working hours and guaranteeing representatives can come to the exterior of regular working hours. Tracking overtime when working from home is pivotal to complying with working time directions and maintaining a strategic distance from overload. Representatives ought to record extra time and report it to the employer. The Working Hours Act controls the most extreme limits for extra time and its compensation. In the rule, overtime may not surpass eight hours per week (§ 3 ArbZG).

Overtime ought to either be balanced by free time or paid. The right recording of working hours within the home office can be made less demanding through advanced time recording frameworks that empower straightforward tracking. The remuneration and compensation of workers working from home ought to be compared to the existing business contracts and legitimate directions. In the guideline, home office representatives are entitled to the same compensation as their office colleagues, unless distinctive agreements have been made. This incorporates normal compensation, extra benefits and rewards. It is vital to guarantee that home office workers are satisfactorily compensated for overtime or extra work, as indicated within the business contract or collective bargaining agreements. The business contract ought to contain clear directions with respect to compensation when working from home (Lösch, L.R., 2022).

Compliance with these working time regulations and emolument directions is vital to secure the rights of workers and meet legitimate necessities. Companies ought to create clear arrangements and forms for working time courses of action, extra time following and home office remuneration and guarantee that these comply with pertinent laws and agreements. In expansion to comply with existing business contracts and legitimate directions, companies ought to moreover take into consideration that working from home may bring about extra costs. Home office workers utilize their resources such as power, web and office supplies. It is critical to enough compensate for these extra costs. to secure the rights of workers and comply with lawful necessities. Companies ought to create clear policies and forms for working time courses of action, extra time tracking and home office recompense and guarantee that these comply with pertinent laws and agreements. In expansion to complying with existing work contracts and lawful directions, companies should take into consideration that working from home may cause extra costs (Denzer & Grunau, 2023).

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Compensation for home office workers can be done in distinctive ways:

- 1. Fixed agreements: A few companies enter into isolated flat-rate recompense agreements for home office representatives to cover the extra costs. These level rates can, for case, be paid monthly.
- 2. Reimbursement of costs: Managers can moreover repay workers for genuine costs caused, such as power or web costs. Be that as it may, this requires exact documentation of costs.
- Flexible compensation models: In a few cases, companies can present adaptable emolument models that compensate for execution and efficiency while working from home. This will be done through rewards or execution rewards (Cherry, 2019).

Copyright © ISRG Publishers. All rights Reserved. DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.14760520 It is imperative that companies make clear agreements on the remuneration and compensation of home office representatives and put these in composition to maintain a strategic distance from conceivable misunderstandings. These agreements ought to too incorporate repayment of costs and compensation for the utilize of individual resources. Home office compensation can moreover affect social security and charges. Employers ought to guarantee that they comply with appropriate social security and payroll charge rules and directions and, if vital, look for proficient advice. Compensation and compensation for home office workers could be a complex issue that takes into consideration different aspects, from legitimate prerequisites to recompense for extra costs. Clear agreements and appropriate compensation are crucial to ensuring employee satisfaction and compliance. Companies should therefore take careful consideration and advice to establish fair and legally correct home office compensation practices (Furnell & Shah, 2020).

Health and safety in the home office

The impact of remote work on employee health is a key concern in the current world of work. In this context, health challenges that may arise from remote work must be taken into account. Isolation and social distancing are a reality for remote workers who work without physical contact with colleagues. This isolation can lead to negative mental health effects, including loneliness and stress (Ekingen, 2020; Moch, 2024). Additionally, the lack of exercise during the workday that often comes with remote work can lead to physical complaints such as back pain and muscle tension (Furnell & Shah, 2020). The psychological stress caused by the balance between work and private life when working from home is another important aspect. The constant feeling of availability and the difficulty of drawing clear boundaries between working time and free time can lead to psychological stress (Ekingen, 2020). In addition, increased screen work can increase eye strain and other health problems. To address these health perspectives of remote work, it is basic for employers to execute and advance measures to support the health and well-being of their representatives. Work environment ergonomics within the home office plays a critical part in anticipating health issues and accidents at work. This incorporates ergonomic design principles such as the right choice of chairs, table statures and the proper course of action for screens, keyboards and mice (Tax consultant, n.d.). The avoidance of mischances at work is additionally exceptionally significant. Workers ought to be trained and educated about the potential dangers of mischances at work when working from home. This may incorporate securely handling office equipment and avoiding falls. An especially critical angle is the right setup of a computer workstation to minimize eye strain (Kohn at al., 2023). Managers are obliged to guarantee the health and security of their representatives when working from domestic. There are a couple of key viewpoints to consider here. A hazard appraisal for employees' domestic office work environments is required to recognize conceivable dangers and take appropriate measures to decrease risks. Employers ought to illuminate their employees with almost all health and security angles of working from domestic and give training (Tax consultant, n.d.). Employers are moreover capable of giving the essential work equipment and gear for secure and sound work within the domestic office (Ekingen, 2020). The mental health of workers ought to too be taken into consideration.

Compliance with these employer health and security commitments is basic to guaranteeing the security and well-being of

representatives while working from home (Schölin et al., 2021). Satisfactory work environment ergonomics and the avoidance of working environment mischances offer assistance in minimizing health dangers and increment work fulfilment (Matisane et al., 2021). As employers' commitments concerning the health and security of representatives working from home extend, it gets to be clear that actualizing an all-encompassing approach is vital (Olsen et al.,2018). Employers do not as it were having an obligation to guarantee the physical security of representatives, but moreover to consider mental health and generally well-being (Tax consultant, n.d.). Work confinement and the need for social intuition can contrarily affect employees' psychosocial health (Tahan, 2020). Managers ought to subsequently back measures to advance social trade and cohesion among group individuals when working from home (White, 2021). This will be accomplished, for example, through standard virtual gatherings, group-building exercises and the foundation of communication stages. The partition of working hours and free time is regularly more troublesome to realize when working from home. Employers ought to energize their representatives to set clear boundaries between work and recreation exercises (Germany, n.d.). This may be done through clear communication of working hours and accessibility rules (Tax consultant. n.d.)

Including employees in planning mental health interventions and giving back assets can offer assistance minimize the negative impacts of inaccessible work (Schölin et al.,2021). Companies can also offer stretch administration programs and mental back administrations to advance workers' mental health and offer assistance with push administration and mental trouble (Denzer & Grunau, 2023). The widespread has appeared that advancing health and security while working from home isn't as it were a lawful commitment, but moreover an ethical obligation of managers (Adams, 2019).

Labor court disputes in the home office

The introduction of home office has raised a number of legal issues and labor court disputes. In this context, three main aspects can be identified: the identification of potential conflicts, legal proceedings and arbitration, and the analysis of case law and case studies. The shift in the working environment to the home office has created new potential for conflict, which can result in labor court disputes. These include: Recording and remunerating working hours in the home office can lead to conflicts. Employees and employers may have different ideas about what counts as working time and whether overtime has occurred (Cherry, 2019). Processing sensitive company data in the home office can lead to data protection violations, which have legal consequences conflicts can also arise in connection with terminations or dismissals of employees working from home. The question of whether such measures are justified or not can be clarified in court (Däubler, W., 2020). Labor disputes in the home office can be heard before the labor courts. Various proceedings can be initiated, such as dismissal protection claims or working time compensation claims. Labor courts have the task of clarifying such disputes and making decisions based on the applicable laws (Däubler, W., 2020). In addition, out-of-court arbitration can also be a way to resolve conflicts. Arbitration procedures offer the parties the opportunity to reach an agreement in a less formal setting before the case goes to court. The jurisprudence regarding labor disputes in the home office is constantly evolving. Labor courts set precedents which can serve as a guide for future decisions. Case studies and analyzes

of previously completed cases provide insights into the legal challenges and solutions related to remote work (Giorgi et al., 2020). The labor court disputes in the home office illustrate the need for clear regulation and documentation of working conditions and contracts. It is prudent to recognize potential conflicts at an early arrange and to execute suitable measures to dodge and resolve the debate to avoid costly and time-consuming lawful disputes.

Recommendations for companies and employees

The design of employment contracts and agreements in the context of home office is of central importance in order to create the legal and organizational framework for successful remote work. In this section, the most important aspects of this design are examined from a scientific perspective. The individualization of employment contracts is particularly relevant when working from home, as working conditions can vary from employee to employee. A central point is determining the exact working hours and work tasks. Employment contracts should contain clear information about weekly or daily working hours as well as accessibility and availability. The legal requirements for maximum working hours, break regulations and rest periods must be observed. (*Federal Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs – Contact / Federal Government*, n.d.)

In order to set uniform standards for home office, it makes sense to integrate home office guidelines into the employment contract. These policies can cover aspects such as the use of company devices, data protection, information security and workplace ergonomics. In addition, they should contain regulations for reimbursement of costs for internet, electricity and office supplies as well as for ensuring data protection when working from home. Protecting company data is a critical point when working from home. Employment contracts should contain clear confidentiality and data protection provisions. Employees must be informed about how to handle sensitive company data and how to store it securely to avoid data breaches (Schölin et al., 2021).

Employment contracts should also specify the possibility of returning to the office or the flexible design of work locations. They should take into account individual needs and company requirements while complying with the legal framework. This helps ensure efficient, legally compliant home office work that is satisfactory for all parties. This is important because employee and company needs and requirements can change over time. The scientific literature emphasizes that clear and comprehensive employment contracts and agreements in the home office form the basis for successful and conflict-free collaboration (*BMAS - Homepage*, 2023).

Citing relevant legal texts and integrating guidelines on working hours, data protection and returning to the office into employment contracts are best practices for meeting the legal and organizational requirements when working from home. Compliance with these aspects minimizes the chance of labour debate and advances a profitable and trusting working environment in remote mode. Setting clear execution criteria and checking components in work contracts plays a significant part in guaranteeing the efficiency and effectiveness of workers working from home. These criteria ought to be quantifiable, reasonable and achievable. They not as it were serve to characterize the employer's desires, but moreover to. It makes sense to arrange regular performance discussions and feedback mechanisms to monitor work progress and make adjustments if necessary. The financial structure of home office employment contracts also requires special attention. Employment contracts should contain provisions for compensation for the use of personal resources such as internet, electricity and office equipment. Reimbursing costs and agreeing on clear compensation models are essential to ensuring financial fairness. Both the legal requirements and the individual needs of the employees should be taken into account. The contract term and the possibility of contract changes should be clearly defined in the home office employment contract. It is important to maintain flexibility here, as requirements for working conditions can change over time. Contracts should contain mechanisms for extension or modification (Ekingen, 2020).

The scientific analysis of home office employment contracts suggests that they should not only be legally precise, but also take into account the interests and needs of both parties. Clear communication and the involvement of employees in the contract process are also important factors for success. Drafting employment contracts and agreements in the home office is a complex process that takes both legal and organizational aspects into account. These contracts are the basis for effective collaboration between employers and employees in remote mode and should be carefully drafted to enable smooth and successful home office work (Schölin et al., 2021). The introduction of home office working models requires comprehensive consideration of data protection and security policies to protect sensitive company data and meet legal requirements (Matisane et al., 2021). Below we examine the meaning of these guidelines and best practices from a scientific perspective. Ensuring personal information and business data could be a best need. Companies ought to define and actualize data protection arrangements in agreement with pertinent data protection laws and regulations, such as the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) within the European Union (BMAS - Homepage, 2023). These approaches ought to contain clear informational on how to process, store and exchange information when working from home. Employees ought to be educated about appropriate data protection regulations and prepared to avoid information breaches. Data security policies are basic to guaranteeing the integrity and privacy of corporate information when working from home. These arrangements ought to cover perspectives such as the secure utilize of company devices and frameworks, the avoidance of malware and phishing assaults, and secure information exchange and capacity. The foundation of secure get-to components, such as VPNs (Virtual Private Networks), can also be a portion of these guidelines (Schneier, 2015). To guarantee the judgment and privacy of company information within the home office. These approaches ought to cover aspects such as the secure utilize of company devices and frameworks, the anticipation of malware and phishing assaults, and secure information exchange and capacity (Schneier, 2015). Raising representative mindfulness of protection and security policies is critical. Companies ought to give training programs to guarantee representatives understand the risks and best practices when handling sensitive information while working from home. Preparing ought to be overhauled frequently to reply to new threats and changes within the law (Schölin et al., 2021). Policies ought to give clear enlightening for announcing security incidents. Workers ought to know how to report suspicious movements or data breaches. Rapidly recognizing and reacting to security occurrences is vital to limiting damage (Matisane et al., 2021).

Scientific research emphasizes that data protection and security policies within the home office are not as it were a legitimate need, but moreover offer assistance to create a climate of belief between employers and representatives. They guarantee that company data is ensured and support administrative compliance (Olsen et al.,2018). Executing these rules requires a holistic approach that takes specialized, organizational and social viewpoints under consideration (Scholl, 2023, Moch, 2024). Considering information security and security isn't as it were the best practice, but moreover, a significant figure for the success of work-from-home models because it guarantees the integrity, availability and privacy of company information.

Outlook on the future of the home office

Hybrid working models could become more critical in the future. These models permit employees to work both within the office and from home. Companies will present more flexible work courses of action, permitting workers to part their work between distinctive work areas depending on their needs and scope of work. Technology will proceed to play a vital part. The advancement of capable tools and communication stages will advance move forward collaboration and data sharing between remote groups. The presentation of augmented reality (AR) and virtual reality (VR) might revolutionize the way groups collaborate remotely. Data protection and security will proceed to be of awesome significance. Companies will contribute more to measures to guarantee data security and avoid security breaches. Representatives training on data security and security will play a key part. The social measurement of the home office will moreover need to be taken into consideration. Employers will take measures to advance social interaction and cohesion among workers as separation and loneliness whereas working from home poses potential challenges. Enactment and direction related to home working are likely to advance to adequately reflect the modern working models. This seems to incorporate making uniform measures for home office working conditions and securing workers' rights. (tax consultant, n.d.)

Generally, the long-term of the domestic office will be formed by a blend of technological advances, organizational adjustments and social changes. The widespread has quickened the acceptance and need of working from home as a working demonstration, and this advancement is anticipated to proceed within the coming long time. Companies that react adaptably to these changes and take the wants of their representatives under consideration will be way better able to take advantage of the points of interest of working from home and effectively overcome the challenges.

Conclusion

In summary, working from home has experienced a noteworthy change within the world of work and is anticipated to proceed to be a centre within the coming years. The COVID-19 pandemic has catalyzed these changes and highlighted the significance of working from home as an adaptable working model. Legal aspects are as vital here as the possibility of selecting talented workers around the world. In the long run, the home office will be formed by different impacting components. Hybrid working models, which empower a combination of office and homework, are anticipated to end up progressively vital. This will not only alter the way work is organized but also bring with it lawful challenges. particularly concerning the delimitation of working hours and the security of worker rights. Innovative propels will proceed to move forward collaboration and communication in inaccessible groups. In any case, this will also raise security and security issues as the processing and capacity of company data occurs outside the company's organisation. Companies must guarantee they comply with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and other pertinent information assurance laws to minimize lawful risks. The capacity to draw in skilled specialists around the world will be another driving drive behind the spread of home offices. Companies will be able to get to a worldwide talent pool and enlist exceedingly qualified workers in any case of their geological area.

In expansion, the social measurement of the home office will play a part. Managers will have to take measures to advance social interaction and cohesion among workers, as segregation and depression whereas working from home pose potential challenges. These measures ought to be steady with labor law regulations administering the rights and commitments of managers and workers. Enactment and control related to home working are likely to advance to enough reflect the new working models. This may incorporate making uniform benchmarks for home office working conditions and securing workers' rights.

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